

## Section 2.3 Real Zeros of Polynomial Functions

**Objective:** In this lesson you learned how to use long division and synthetic division to divide polynomials by other polynomials and how to find the rational and real zeros of polynomial functions.

Course Number

Instructor

Date

### Important Vocabulary

Define each term or concept.

Long division of polynomials

Division Algorithm

Synthetic division

Remainder Theorem

Factor Theorem

Upper bound

Lower bound

### I. Long Division of Polynomials (Pages 160–162)

When dividing a polynomial  $f(x)$  by another polynomial  $d(x)$ , if the remainder  $r(x) = 0$ ,  $d(x)$  \_\_\_\_\_ into  $f(x)$ .

The rational expression  $f(x)/d(x)$  is improper if . . .

The rational expression  $r(x)/d(x)$  is proper if . . .

The result of a division problem can be checked by . . .

**Example 1:** Divide  $3x^3 + 4x - 2$  by  $x^2 + 2x + 1$ .

### *What you should learn*

How to use long division to divide polynomials by other polynomials

**II. Synthetic Division** (Page 163)

Can synthetic division be used to divide a polynomial by  $x^2 - 5$ ? Explain.

***What you should learn***  
How to use synthetic division to divide polynomials by binomials of the form  $(x - k)$

Can synthetic division be used to divide a polynomial by  $x + 4$ ? Explain.

**Example 2:** Fill in the following synthetic division array to divide  $2x^4 + 5x^2 - 3$  by  $x - 5$ . Then carry out the synthetic division and indicate which entry represents the remainder.

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**III. The Remainder and Factor Theorems** (Pages 164–165)

To use the Remainder Theorem to evaluate a polynomial function  $f(x)$  at  $x = k$ , . . .

***What you should learn***  
How to use the Remainder Theorem and the Factor Theorem

**Example 3:** Use the Remainder Theorem to evaluate the function  $f(x) = 2x^4 + 5x^2 - 3$  at  $x = 5$ .

To use the Factor Theorem to show that  $(x - k)$  is a factor of a polynomial function  $f(x)$ , . . .

List three facts about the remainder  $r$ , obtained in the synthetic division of  $f(x)$  by  $x - k$ :

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)

#### IV. The Rational Zero Test (Pages 166–168)

Describe the purpose of the Rational Zero Test.

***What you should learn***  
How to use the Rational Zero Test to determine possible rational zeros of polynomial functions

State the **Rational Zero Test**.

To use the Rational Zero Test, . . .

**Example 4:** List the possible rational zeros of the polynomial function  $f(x) = 3x^5 + x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 8x - 5$ .

Some strategies that can be used to shorten the search for actual zeros among a list of possible rational zeros include . . .

**V. Bounds for Real Zeros of Polynomial Functions**

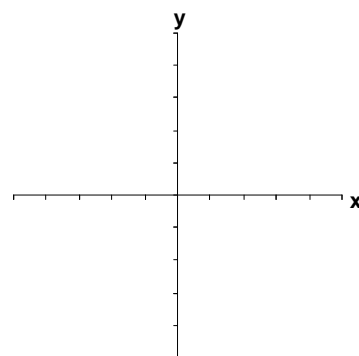
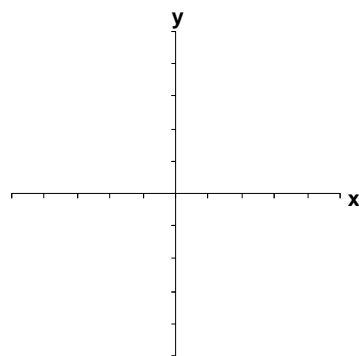
(Pages 168–169)

State the Upper and Lower Bound Rules.

***What you should learn***

How to determine upper and lower bounds for zeros of polynomial functions

Explain how the Upper and Lower Bound Rules can be useful in the search for the real zeros of a polynomial function.

**Additional notes****Homework Assignment**

Page(s)

Exercises