

107. **Make a Decision** The table shows the earnings per share y for Wal-Mart from 1988 to 2003. (*Data Source: Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.*)

Year	Earnings per share, y
1988	0.19
1989	0.24
1990	0.29
1991	0.35
1992	0.44
1993	0.51
1994	0.59
1995	0.60
1996	0.67
1997	0.78
1998	0.99
1999	1.28
2000	1.40
2001	1.50
2002	1.81
2003	2.03

- Use a graphing utility to plot the data. Let t represent the year, with $t = 8$ corresponding to 1988. Describe the trend in the data.
- Use the technique demonstrated in Exercises 67–70 in Section 6.3 to set up a system of equations for the data and to find a least squares regression parabola $y = at^2 + bt + c$ that models the data. Let t represent the year, with $t = 8$ corresponding to 1988.
- Use a graphing utility to graph the least squares regression parabola from part (b) and the original data in the same viewing window. How well does the model fit the data? Explain your reasoning.
- Use the *regression* feature of a graphing utility to find a quadratic model for the data. How does the model given by the graphing utility compare with the model you found in part (b)?
- Value Line projected that the earnings per share for Wal-Mart in 2004 and 2005 would be \$2.40 and \$2.75, respectively. Compare Value Line's projections for 2004 and 2005 with the earnings per share predicted by the model from part (b). Do Value Line's estimates agree with the model?
- Do you think a different type of model be a better fit for the data? If so, use the *regression* feature of a graphing utility to find another model for the data and predict the earnings per share for Wal-Mart in 2004 and 2005. How do these predictions compare with those determined by Value Line?